Chemical Bonds – Ionic Bonds

1. Identify the Number of Valence Electrons and Draw the Lewis Dot Structure

<u>Notes:</u> Scientists use *Lewis Dot Structures* to show the valence electrons of an element as dots. Since bonding involves the valence shell electrons only, it is only necessary to illustrate those outer electrons.

Element	Bohr Diagram	Group Number (PT)	# of Valence Electrons	Lewis Dot Structure
Calcium				
Carbon				
Hydrogen				
Helium				
Oxygen				
Fluorine				
Neon				
Sodium				
Aluminum				

Determining the Ionic Charge

Element	Property	Before Making an Octet	After Making an Octet
Li	electron config		
	# protons		
	#electrons		
	charge		
	Bohr Diagram		
	Lewis Dot		
	Structure		
	Structure		
	electron config		
Ве	# protons		
	#electrons		
	charge		
	Bohr Diagram		
	Lewis Dot		
	Structure		
В	electron config		
	# protons		
	#electrons		
	charge		
	Bohr Diagram		
	Lewis Dot Structure		

Skip Carbon

	electron config	
	# protons	
	#electrons	
	charge	
Ν	Bohr Diagram	
	Lewis Dot Structure	
	electron config	
	# protons	
	#electrons	
	charge	
Ο	Bohr Diagram	
	Lewis Dot Structure	
	electron config	
	# protons	
	#electrons	
	charge	
F	Bohr Diagram	
	Lewis Dot Structure	
	electron config	
	# protons	
Ne	#electrons	
	charge	
	Bohr Diagram	
	Lewis Dot	

Making lons – Ionic Bonds are made of Ions. A strong understanding of Ions is needed.

<u>Notes</u>: Remember that Metals tend to lose their electrons, falling back to their inner octet, becoming smaller, forming positive "cations". Nonmetals tend to gain electrons, filling up their current energy levels, becoming larger, forming negative "anions". *Complete the chart below*.

Element	Lewis Dot	# of Valance e-	Gain/Lose e-	Valance Charge
Na		1	L1	+1
Be				
Cl				
S				
AI				
Ne				
К				
Ν				
0				
Са				
Р				
В				
Mg				